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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/964,272	09/25/2001	Michael P. Lyle	RECOP018	9955
21912 7:	90 07/01/2005		EXAMINER	
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP			PYZOCHA, MICHAEL J	
10050 N. FOO' CUPERTINO,	ГНILL BLVD #200 СА 95014		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2137	

DATE MAILED: 07/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-		Appl	ication No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			64,272	LYLE ET AL.				
		Exam	·	Art Unit				
	•		ael Pyzocha	2137				
	The MAILING DATE of this communica		•		nddrocc			
Period fo	or Reply			·	iaaress			
THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAN insions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In ication. days, a reply within the ory period will apply a l, by statute, cause the country of the	no event, however, may a none statutory minimum of thirt and will expire SIX (6) MON the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered tim THS from the mailing date of this ANDONED (35 U.S.C. \$ 133).				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <i>03 June 20</i>	05 .					
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn fron						
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗌 1	The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.						
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 June 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
·	Applicant may not request that any objection	•	•	•				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including th The oath or declaration is objected to b			·				
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•					
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internationalise the attached detailed Office action for	ocuments have ocuments have the priority doc I Bureau (PCT	been received. been received in A cuments have been Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this Nationa	al Stage			
	4.							
Attachment	· ·			,				
2) Notice (3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT		Paper No(s 5) Notice of In	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PT	ГО-152)			
rape	r No(s)/Mail Date		6) 🔲 Other:	_ ·				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-22 are pending.

 Amendment filed 06/03/2005 has been received and considered.

Drawings

 The replacement drawings received on 06/03/2005 are acceptable.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

5. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specific analysis of the payload is not mentioned within the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-2, 10-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over I'Anson et al (EPO 0474932) and further in view of Shanklin et al (US 6487666).

As per claims 1, and 19-21, I'Anson discloses identifying at least two states associated with the network protocol in which a first host system communicating with a second host system using the network protocol may be placed; defining at least one valid transition between a first state of the at least two states and a second state of the at least two states; determining that a connection under the network protocol is in the first state; analyzing the stream based at least in part on the determination that the connection under the network protocol is in a first state to determine whether the packet is

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associated with the at least one valid transition (see p. 3 lines 22-39 and p. 4 lines 27-49).

I'Anson fails to disclose expressing the at least one valid transition in the form of a regular expression and using the regular expression to analyze the network protocol stream.

However, Shanklin et al teaches the use of regular expressions (see column 6 lines 39-57).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use Shanklin et al's regular expressions to analyze the protocol of I'Anson.

Motivation to do so would have been to recognize and evaluate identifiers, special symbols, or other tokens.

As per claim 2, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system discloses compiling the regular expression into computer code (see column 6 lines 39-57).

As per claims 10-11, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system discloses keeping track of which of the at least two states the first host system currently is in and changing the tracked state of the first host system from the first of the at least two states to the second of the at least two states in the event the analysis of the network protocol stream indicates the at least one valid transition has taken place (see p. 4 lines 27-49).

As per claims 12 and 18, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system discloses defining at least one invalid operation for the first host system in the first valid state; expressing the at least one invalid operation as a second regular expression; and using the second regular expression to analyze the network protocol stream (see page 4).

As per claims 13-14, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system discloses the invalid operation may indicate that a security-related event has taken or is taking place and defining a further state corresponding to the invalid operation (see p. 4 lines 18-26 where the security related event is the intrusion of Shanklin et al).

As per claims 15-17, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system discloses keeping track of which state, from the set comprising the at least two states and the further state, the first host system currently is in; and changing the state of the first host system to the further state in the event that the analysis of the network protocol stream indicates the invalid operation has taken place and in the event that the analysis of the network protocol stream indicates the invalid operation has taken place, an indication that the invalid operation has taken place then discontinuing analysis of the network protocol stream

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once the state of the first host system has been changed to the further state (see page 4).

8. Claims 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Wijendran (AWK-to-C Translator).

As per claims 3-4, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system fails to disclose the use of optimal C programming language code.

However, Wijendran teaches this optical C code (see page 1).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use Wijendran's optical C code in the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system.

Motivation to do so would have been to maximize runtime performance (see page 1).

9. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Mangione-Smith (How many vector registers are useful?).

As per claim 5, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system fails to disclose the use of nearly optimal computer code.

However, Mangione-Smith teaches nearly optical code (see page 1).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use Mangione-Smith's nearly optical code in the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system.

Motivation to do so would have been that nearly optimal code requires less vector registers (see page 1).

10. Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Blam (US 6467041).

As per claim 6, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system fails to disclose copying the stream to a third party to be analyzed.

However, Blam teaches a third party analyzer (see column 6 lines 5-29).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use Blam's third party analyzer to analyze the protocol analyzer of the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system.

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Motivation to do so would have been to perform the analysis regardless of what resources are on the network or client (see column 6 lines 5-29).

As per claims 7-9, the modified I'Anson, Shanklin et al and Blam system discloses the network protocol stream comprises packets of data, each packet being associated with a sequence number indicating its position relative to other packets in the protocol stream, and the third system reassembles the packets into the order indicated by the respective sequence numbers of the packets received where a copy of the network protocol stream is maintained in the third system until analysis has been completed and in the event the packets are received by the third system in sequence number order, a copy is maintained in the third system only of those packets comprising the portion of the network protocol currently under analysis (see I'Anson pages 4-5 and Blam column 6 lines 5-29).

11. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Maher, III et al (US 20030118029).

As per claims 22, the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system fails to disclose analyzing the payload.

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However, Maher, III et al teaches analyzing the payload (see paragraph 32).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use Maher, III et al's payload analyzer to analyze the network stream of the modified I'Anson and Shanklin et al system.

Motivation to do so would have been to set up policies for different users (see paragraph 32).

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments filed 06/03/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that neither I'Anson nor Shanklin (alone or in combination) teach the added limitations of determining that a connection under the network protocol is in the first state and analyzing the protocol stream by applying, based at least in part on the determination that the connection under the network protocol is in the first state, the regular expression to a received packet associated with the connection to determine whether the packet is associated with the at least one valid transition. Applicant also argues that neither I'Anson nor Shanklin (alone or in combination) teach analyzing the payload of the received packet.

Regarding Applicant's argument that neither I'Anson nor Shanklin (alone or in combination) teach the new limitations, I'Anson in view of Shanklin teach the new limitations. I'Anson teaches determining a connection is in a first state and analyzing based on that determination on pages 3-4; and Shanklin teaches analysis with regular expressions.

Applicant's argument that neither I'Anson nor Shanklin (alone or in combination) teach analyzing the payload of the received packet is moot in view of Maher, III et al.

Conclusion

13. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. I'Anson (US 5347524) is the US version of the above-mentioned EPO patent; Klein (US 5325528) discloses a protocol analyzer with state transitions; O'Grady et al (US 6665650) discloses state transitions.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Pyzocha whose telephone number is (571) 272-3875. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00am - 4:30pm first Fridays of the bi-week off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Emmanuel Moise can be reached on (571) 272-3865. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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